**Chapter 23 Reading Guide: Transformation of Europe.** Directions: As you read pages 506-531, answer the following questions thoroughly.

**Terms:**

Martin Luther:

Protestant Reformation:

Johannes Gutenberg:

John Calvin:

Calvinists:

King Henry VIII:

Anglicans:

Catholic Reformation:

Council of Trent:

Society of Jesus:

Thirty Years’ War:

Habsburgs:

Charles V:

Spanish Inquisition:

English Civil War:

Glorious Revolution:

Absolutism:

King Louis XIV:

Tsar, or Czar:

Peter the Great:

Catherine the Great:

Peace of Westphalia:

Capitalism:

Putting-Out System:

Serfdom:

Nicolaus Copernicus:

Scientific Revolution:

Galileo Galilei:

Isaac Newton:

**Reading Guide:**

What were the underlying causes of the Protestant Reformation?

What effect did printing have on the Reformation?

What was the effect of Luther’s movement?

How did John Calvin’s reformation movement differ from Martin Luther’s?

In what countries did Calvinism take root?

How was the English Reformation different from the earlier reformation movements?

What was the goal of the Catholic Reformation?

Describe the Council of Trent and its impact.

Describe the cause and effect of the Thirty Years’ War.

How did Charles V try to revitalize imperialism in Europe?

What “new monarchs” emerged in Europe?

What was the Spanish Inquisition?

Which states developed constitutional states and which were absolute monarchies?

What was the political effect of the English Civil War?

How did Louis XIV epitomize royal absolutism?

How did Peter the Great and Catherine the Great transform Russia?

Describe the impact of the Peace of Westphalia.

What is capitalism? How did it emerge in this period?

What was the impact of population change?

Describe protoindustrialization and the “putting-out system”.

Why did serfdom come to an end in Western Europe? Why did it continue in Russia?

Describe the main ideas of the Scientific Revolution.

What was the role of women in science?

**Big Picture Questions (Answer in 3-4 sentences for each question)**

1. How did empires attempt to administer the new widespread nature of their territories?
2. How did the role of Africa, the Americas, Asia, and Europe develop in this new world-wide political order?
3. How did political rulers legitimize and consolidate their rule?
4. What role did religion play in legitimizing political rule?
5. How were ethnic and religious minorities treated in various empires?
6. How did rulers make sure that their governmental were well run?
7. How did rulers finance their territorial expansion?
8. How did Europeans go about creating new global empires and trade networks?
9. How did pre-existing land-based empires and new empires during this era compare to previous era’s empires?
10. What obstacles to empire-building did empires confront, and how did they respond to these challenges?